

Independent Auditor's Report and Individual Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Management of ARTPOLIS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ARTPOLIS, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and the statement of profit or loss, statement of changes in fund balances and statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and other explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ARTPOLIS as of December 31, 2023, results of its operation and the cash flow for the year then ended in conformity with actual laws and with individual agreements between KCSF and grantees.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (with the application of ISA 700). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Project financial report section of our report. We are independent of the Business in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the financial statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with modified cash basis principle, applicable laws and the internal controls that the management deems necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements without material misstatement due to fraud or error.

For the financial statements' preparation, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to sustainability in the future, disclosing, as necessary, future sustainability issues and using the accounting continuity principle unless management intends to liquidate the Organization or Interrupt the operation, or there is no other possible alternative than to do it.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in

total, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
 or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Armend Osaj – Statutory Auditor ACA – Audit & Consulting Associates

Prishtine, Kosove February 14, 2024

Statement of Financial Position

For the year ended December 31, 2023

ASSETS	Notes	December 31, 2023 (in EUR)	December 31, 2022 (in EUR)
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	4	3,101	7,868
Total non-current assets		3,101	7,868
Current assets			
Accounts Receivable	5	6,784	21,293
Cash and bank balances	6	97,833	87,184
Total current assets		104,618	108,477
TOTAL ASSETS	:	107,719	116,345
LIABILITIES AND RESERVES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	7	6,383	8,533
Deferred Revenue	8	101,337	107,812
Total current liabilities	727 n=	107,719	116,345
Reserves			
Opening Balance Equity		-	:=
Retained surplus Amount carried forward		9	<u> </u>
	-	*	
Total reserves	-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND RESERVES	=	107,719	116,345

The financial statements have been signed on February 14, 2024 by:

Zana Hoxha

Executive Director

Donarța Limanaj

Financial Manager

The accompanying notes from 1 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements

ARTPOLIS Statement of Profit or Loss For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Note	End Year 31 December 2023 (in EUR)	End Year 31 December 2022 (in EUR)
Incomes			
Incomes	9	591,610	560,510
Total income		591,610	560,510
Expenses			
Payroll expenses	10	297,467	273,863
Operations expenses	11	289,377	281,787
Depreciation Expense	4	4,766	4,861
Total expenses		591,610	560,510
Amount carried forward		-	

The accompanying notes from 1 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements

ARTPOLIS Statement of deficit/surplus For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Retained surplus (in EUR)	Net deficit/ surplus (in EUR)	Total Equity (in EUR)
Balance as at January 01, 2022			
Balance carried forward Net deficit/surplus for the year		-	
Balance as at December 31, 2022	-		
Balance as at January 01, 2023			
Balance carried forward Net deficit/surplus for the year	= =	-	
Balance as at December 31, 2023			

ARTPOLIS Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2023

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(in EUR)	(in EUR)
Cash flows from operating activities		
(Deficit)/surplus for the year	-	-
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation	4,766	4,861
Change in receivables	14,509	(15,757)
Change in payables	(2,150)	5,410
Change in deferred revenue	(6,475)	(2,846)
Net cash from operating activities	10,650	(8,332)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of property and equipment	_	121
Net cash used in investing activities	-	1
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	10,650	(8,332)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	87,184	95,516
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	97,833	87,184

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

1. INTRODUCTION

ARTPOLIS is a registered Non-Governmental Organization established in Prishtina, Kosovo in 2004.

Through its mission it supports and protects women's rights as part of universal human rights, by conducting activities such as trainings and capacity building for women and youth from different ethnicity and addressing social issues through Theatre Based Education, activism, project managing and leadership skills.

ARTPOLIS promotes diversity through culture, arts and multi-ethnic coexistence by using theater as a tool for community empowerment.

ARTPOLIS is a community-based organization that offers all activities to community members free of charge.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

Financial Statements are prepared for reporting purposes in accordance with applicable International Standards on Auditing (with the application of ISA 700), and represent the entire picture that occurred in Artpolis during 2023. Financial Statements are prepared on modified cash basis principle. The organization uses QuickBooks for preparation of financial statements.

2.2 Currency of presentation

The reporting currency of Artpolis is the European Union currency unit Euro ("EUR"). The organization has ten bank accounts in Pro Credit Bank.

2.3 Foreign currency exchange

The organization does not perform transactions in foreign currencies.

2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Artpolis presents all purchased made in 2023 as equipment expenses in the statement of financial position.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and at bank and in operating accounts at bank with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.6 Taxes

Artpolis is established as a nongovernmental organization, therefore has responsibility and operates as an NGO under applicable Kosovo Laws.

2.7 Revenue recognition

Revenues from grants are recognized as income on the period when received. At the end of the year the excess amount of revenues over expenses is treated as balance carried forward to the next period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

2.8 Financial costs

Financial costs include bank charges, charged for banking transactions and the cost charged for the guarantee received as well as interest expense on borrowings.

2.9 Employee benefits

The Organization, in the normal course of business, makes payments to the State budget of on behalf of its employees. The majority of the Organization's employees are members of the State pension plan. All such contributions to the mandatory government pension schemes are expensed when incurred. The Organization does not operate any other pension scheme or postretirement benefit plan and, consequently, has no obligation in respect of pensions.

In addition, the Organization has no material obligations to provide further benefits to current and former employees.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Computers	
	Vehicle	and Equipment	Total
Cost			
At 1 January 2022	15,500	7,414	22,914
Additions		-	
At 31 December 2022	15,500	7,414	22,914
At 1 January 2023 Additions	15,500	7,414	22,914
At 31 December 2023	15,500	7,414	22,914
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2022	6,199	3,986	10,185
Depreciation charge for the year	3,100	1,761	4,861
At 31 December 2022	9,299	5,747	15,046

At 1 January 2023	9,299	5,747	15,046
Depreciation charge for the year	3,100	1,666	4,766
At 31 December 2023	12,399	7,414	19,812
At 31 December 2023	3,101		3,101
At 31 December 2022	6,201	1,666	7,868
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4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	December 31, 2023 (in EUR)	December 31, 2022 (in EUR)
CFD	4,627	5,000
EU HLC	Ε.	15,380
UNMasc	1,445	•
UNFPA	712	913
Total Accounts Receivable	6,784	21,293

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31, 2023 (in EUR)	December 31, 2022 (in EUR)
Cash on hand	399	2,935 84,248
Cash at bank Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	97,434 97,833	87,184

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	December 31, 2023 (in EUR)	December 31, 2022 (in EUR)
Taxes and pensions payable	6,383	8,533
Total Accounts Payable	6,383	8,533

7. DEFERRED REVENUE

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(in EUR)	(in EUR)
Deferred income	101,337	107,812
Total Deferred Revenue	101,337	107,812

ARTPOLIS Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

8. GRANT INCOME

	December 31, 2023 (in EUR)	December 31, 2022 (in EUR)
Icomes from previous year	107,812	110,658
Income from Sponsorship	89,689	-
CFD	80,627	68,491
Ministry of Culture	80,000	117,000
EU Helsinki	60,146	*
CDF	53,530	55,667
KCSF	43,894	38,749
KTK	40,433	41,744
UNFPA 2	39,765	13,560
KBFUS	34,366	-
UNFPA	29,214	22,887
US Embassy	11,673	-
Prishtina Municipality	10,000	10,000
Embassy of France	7,057	-
Bucaj	4,479	25,521
Global Albanians Foundation	136	42,513
Membership Income	126	230
FEMART		5,567
Urgent Action Fund For Women's	=	32,530
SDC		25,309
EU HLC		38,189
Ministry og Diaspora	(2)	5,000
Embassy of Luxembourg	₩	10,000
Sigma	-	2,000
Other		2,706
Deferred revenue	(101,337)	(107,812)
Total grant income	591,610	560,510

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

9. PAYROLL EXPENSES

	December 31, 2023 (in EUR)	December 31, 2022 (in EUR)
Salaries and remuneration	291,842	253,733
Per diem	3,090	6,455
Pension contribution	2,535	13,675
Total payroll expenses	297,467	273,863

10. OPERATIONS EXPENSES

	December 31, 2023 (in EUR)	December 31, 2022 (in EUR)
Program expenses	131,589	115,520
Other operational expenses	43,860	20,316
Administrative Expenses	37,923	-
Travel expenses	31,240	50,767
Rent expenses	17,489	24,668
Refreshments	12,567	49,245
Office Expenses	8,536	□
Utilities	2,459	Ξ.
Maintenance expenses	2,320	18,433
Communication expenses	1,393	2,838
Total operations expenses	289,377	281,787

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023 ARTPOLIS

11. PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT BY DONORS

Total (in EUR)		585,135 107,812 (101,337)	591,610		297,467 289,377 4,766	591,610	
Other projects (in EUR)		284,113 45,187 (96,319)	232,980		142,347 85,867 4,766	232,980	
CDF (in EUR)		55,228 (1,699)	53,530		24,999 28,531	53,530	
KTK (in EUR)			40,433		26,165 14,268	40,433	
MKRS (in EUR)		000'08	80,000		33,150 46,850	80,000	
KCSF - EJA (in EUR)		38,300 5,594	43,894		13,236 30,658	43,894	
EU Helsink (in EUR)		63,465	60,147		20,125 40,022	60,147	
CFD (in EUR)		79,627 1,000	80,627		37,445 43,182	80,627	
Notes		ന ജ ജ			11 4		
	Income	Incomes Deferred Incomes from Previous Year Deferred Incomes	Total income	Expenditure	Payroll Expense Operation Expense Depreciation Expense	Total expenditure	Net (Deficit)/surplus for the year

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions as defined by IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures". In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

13.1 Credit risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of trade receivables and holdings of cash at bank. The Organization's credit risk is managed by placing its cash and cash equivalents with high quality financial institutions. The receivables credit risk is controlled through revised credit terms (maximum 15 days as credit limit), credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures.

13.2 Interest rate risk

The organization is not exposed to interest rate risk as they do not have any borrowings or placements.

13.3 Foreign exchange risk

The organization pays liabilities in foreign currency within a short period of time thus reducing the risk that changes in foreign currency would result in significant losses.

13.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises in the general funding of the Organization's activities and in the management of positions. It includes both the risk of being unable to fund assets at appropriate maturity and rates and the risk of being unable to liquidate an asset at a reasonable price and in an appropriate time frame to meet the liability obligations.

The organization monitors its liquidity on a periodic basis in order to manage its obligations as and when they fall due. As at December 31, 2023, the Organization's financial assets and liabilities have maturity less than 12 months.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no subsequent events that would require either adjustments or additional disclosures in the financial statements.